



Foundation / Higher Tier

Cylinders

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **show all your working.**
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.

Information

- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets- *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

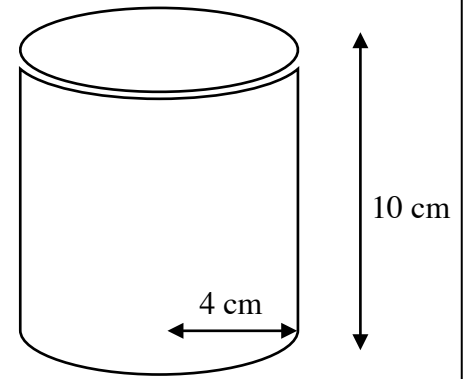
- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
 - Keep an eye on the time.
 - Try to answer every question.
 - Check your answers if you have time at the end.
-

1. A cylinder has radius 4 cm and height 10 cm.

Find the volume of the cylinder.

Give your answer in terms of π .

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi \times 4^2 \times 10 \\ &= 160\pi \end{aligned}$$



..... 160π cm³

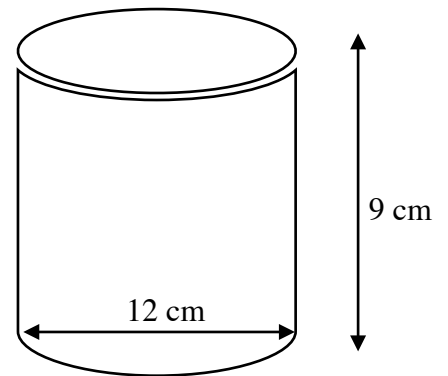
(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2. A cylinder has diameter 12 cm and height 9 cm.

Find the volume of the cylinder.

Give your answer in terms of π .

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi (6)^2 \times 9 \\ &= \pi \times 36 \times 9 \\ &= 324\pi \end{aligned}$$



..... 324π cm³

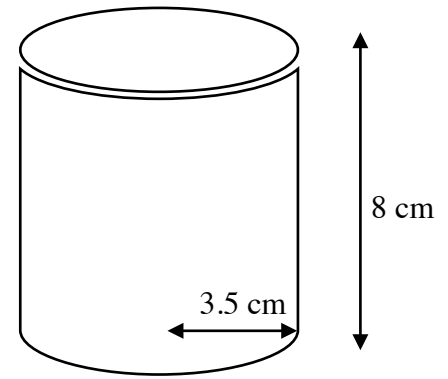
(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3. A cylinder has radius 3.5 cm and height 8 cm.

Find the volume of the cylinder.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi (3.5)^2 \times 8 \\ &= 307.876 \\ &= 308 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$



..... 308 cm³

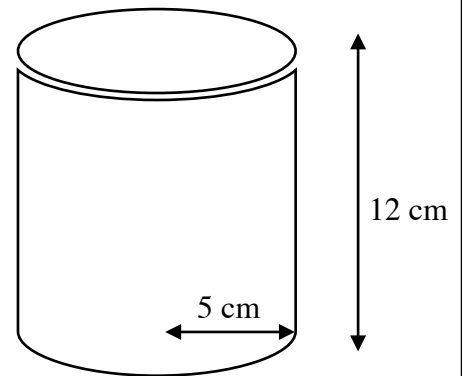
(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4. A cylinder has radius 5 cm and height 12 cm.

Find the total surface area of the cylinder.

Give your answer in terms of π

$$\begin{aligned} SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h \\ &= 2\pi (5)^2 + 2\pi (5)(12) \\ &= 50\pi + 120\pi \\ &= 170\pi \end{aligned}$$



..... 170 π cm²

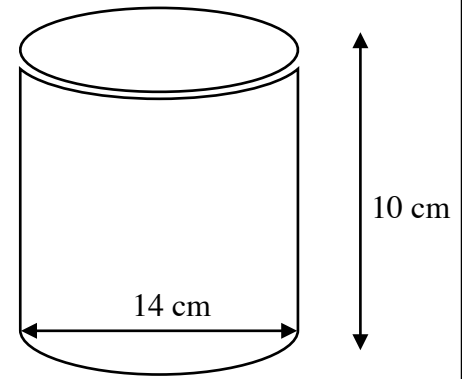
(Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)

5. A cylinder has diameter 14 cm and height 10 cm.

Find the total surface area of the cylinder.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h \\ &= 2\pi(7)^2 + 2\pi(7)(10) \\ &= 96\pi + 140\pi \\ &= 236\pi \\ &= 741.415 \end{aligned}$$



..... 741 cm²

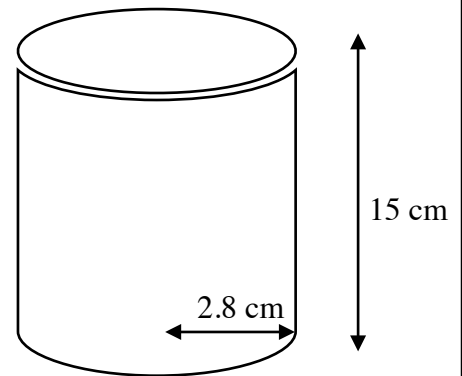
(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)

6. A cylinder has radius 2.8 cm and height 15 cm.

Find the total surface area of the cylinder.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned} SA &= 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h \\ &= 2\pi(2.8)^2 + 2\pi(2.8)(15) \\ &= 15.68\pi + 84\pi \\ &= 99.68\pi \\ &= 313.1539 \\ &= 313\text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



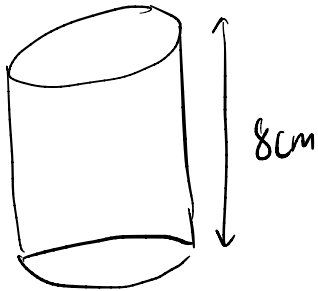
..... 313 cm²

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

7. The volume of a cylinder is $200 \pi \text{ cm}^3$

The height of the cylinder is 8 cm.

Find the radius of the cylinder.



$$V = \pi r^2 h$$
$$200 \pi = \pi r^2 \times 8$$
$$25 = r^2 \Rightarrow r = \sqrt{25}$$
$$= 5$$

.....
5 cm

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8. The total surface area of a cylinder is $162 \pi \text{ cm}^2$

The height of the cylinder is 24 cm.

Find the diameter of the cylinder.

$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$$
$$162\pi = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r(24)$$

$$162\pi = 2\pi r^2 + 48\pi r$$

$$81 = r^2 + 24r$$

$$r^2 + 24r - 81 = 0$$

$$(r+27)(r-3) = 0$$

$$r = -27, 3$$

$$r = 3$$
$$\text{so } D = 6$$

.....
6 cm

(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)

9. A cylinder has a volume of 500 cm^3 and a height of 10 cm .

Find the total surface area of the cylinder.

Give your final answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$500 = \pi r^2 (10)$$

$$50 = \pi r^2$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{50}{\pi}}$$

$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\sqrt{\frac{50}{\pi}}\right)^2 + 2\pi \left(\sqrt{\frac{50}{\pi}}\right)(10) = 350.66$$

..... 351 cm^2

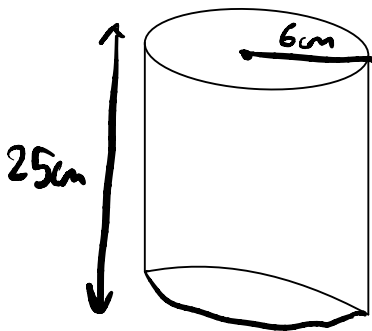
(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

10. A cylindrical container has radius 6 cm and height 25 cm .

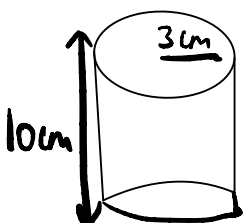
It is completely filled with water.

The water is poured into smaller cylindrical cups, each with radius 3 cm and height 10 cm .

Calculate the maximum number of cups that can be completely filled.



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi r^2 h \\ &= \pi \times 6^2 \times 25 \\ &= \pi \times 36 \times 25 \\ &= 900\pi \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} V &= \pi \times 3^2 \times 10 \\ &= 90\pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{900\pi}{90\pi} = 10 \text{ cups}$$

..... 10

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

11. A cylindrical tank has diameter 20 cm and height 60 cm.

Water flows into the tank at a rate of 1.5 litres per minute.

Calculate how long it takes to fill three-quarters of the tank.

Give your answer to the nearest minute.

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$= \pi \times 10^2 \times 60$$

$$= 6000\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ litre} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{So } 6000\pi \text{ cm}^3 = 6\pi \text{ litres}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \times 6\pi = 4.5\pi$$

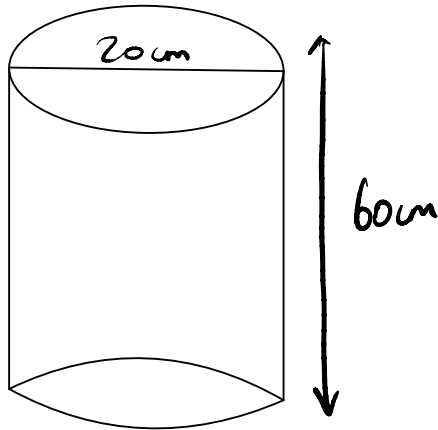
$$4.5\pi \div 1.5 = 3\pi \text{ mins}$$

$$= 9.4247 \text{ mins}$$

9

Minutes

(Total for Question 11 is 4 marks)



12. A cylindrical tank has radius 12 cm and height 30 cm.

The outside of the tank (including top and bottom) is painted.

1 tin of paint covers 500 cm².

Each tin costs £6.50.

Calculate the total cost of the paint needed.

Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

$$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r^2 h$$

$$= 2\pi(12)^2 + 2\pi(12)(30)$$

$$= 288\pi + 720\pi$$

$$= 1008\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

$$1008\pi \div 500 = 6.333 \text{ tins}$$

7 tins needed

$$7 \times 6.50$$

$$= \pounds 45.50$$

£ 45.50

(Total for Question 12 is 4 marks)