



Foundation / Higher Tier

Angles in parallel lines

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You must **show all your working.**
- Diagrams are **NOT** accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.

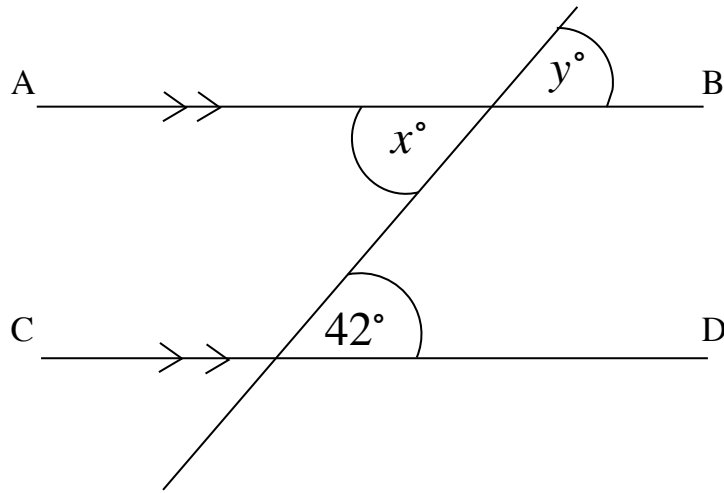
Information

- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets- *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

1. AB and CD are parallel lines.



(a) Write down the size of the angle marked x° .

42 °
.....
(1)

(b) Give reason for your answer.

Alternate angles are equal.
.....
(1)

(c) Write down the size of the angle marked y° .

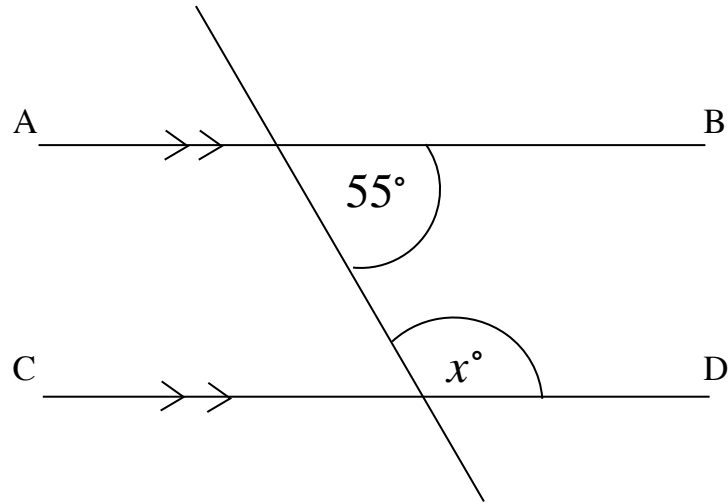
42 °
.....
(1)

(d) Give reason for your answer.

Corresponding angles are equal.
.....
(1)

(Total for Question 1 is 4 marks)

2. AB and CD are parallel lines.



(a) Write down the size of the angle marked x° .

$$180 - 55 = 125$$

..... 125 °
(1)

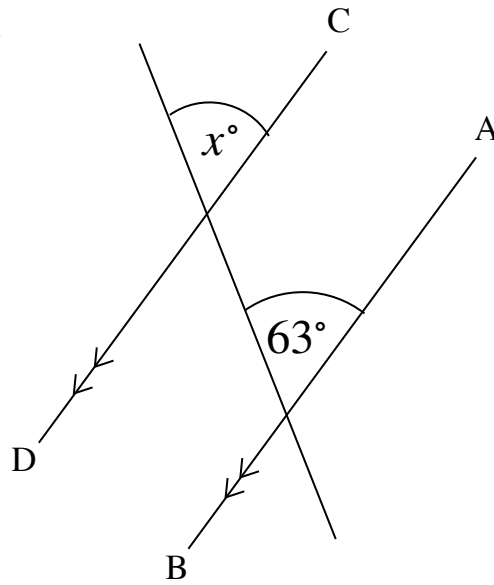
(b) Give reason for your answer.

..... Co-interior angles sum to 180°

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)

3. AB and CD are parallel lines.



(a) Write down the size of the angle marked x° .

63 °
.....
(1)

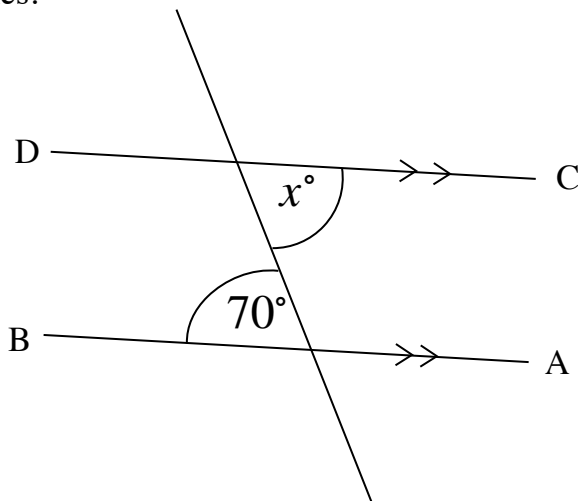
(b) Give reason for your answer.

Corresponding angles are equal.
.....
.....

(1)

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

4. AB and CD are parallel lines.



(a) Write down the size of the angle marked x° .

70 °
(1)

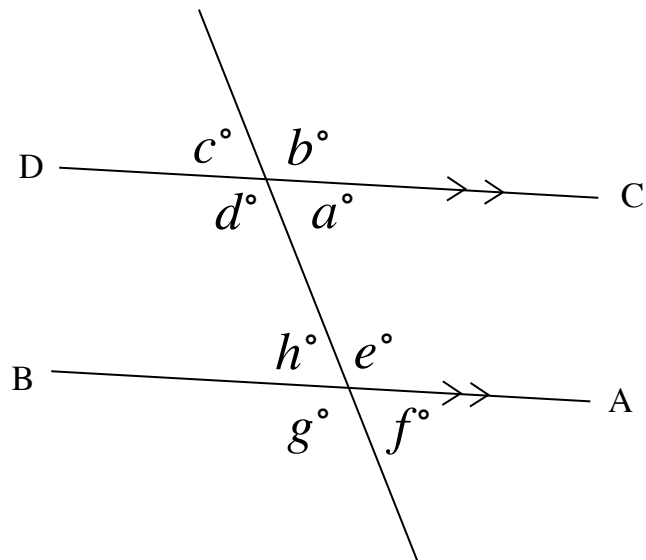
(b) Give reason for your answer.

Alternate angles are equal.

(1)

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)

5. AB and CD are parallel lines.



(a) Which angle is alternate to angle d?

e
.....
(1)

(b) Which angle is corresponding to angle b?

e
.....
(1)

(c) Which angle is co-interior to angle a?

e
.....
(1)

(d) Which angle is vertically opposite angle h?

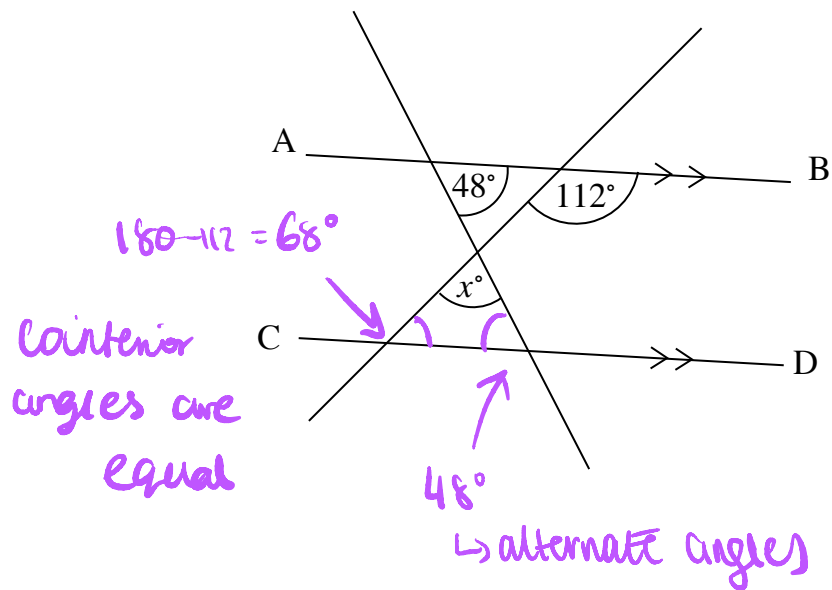
f
.....
(1)

(e) Which angle is corresponding to angle g?

d
.....
(1)

(Total for Question 5 is 5 marks)

6. AB and CD are parallel lines.



Work out the size of the angle marked x° .

Give reasons for your answer.

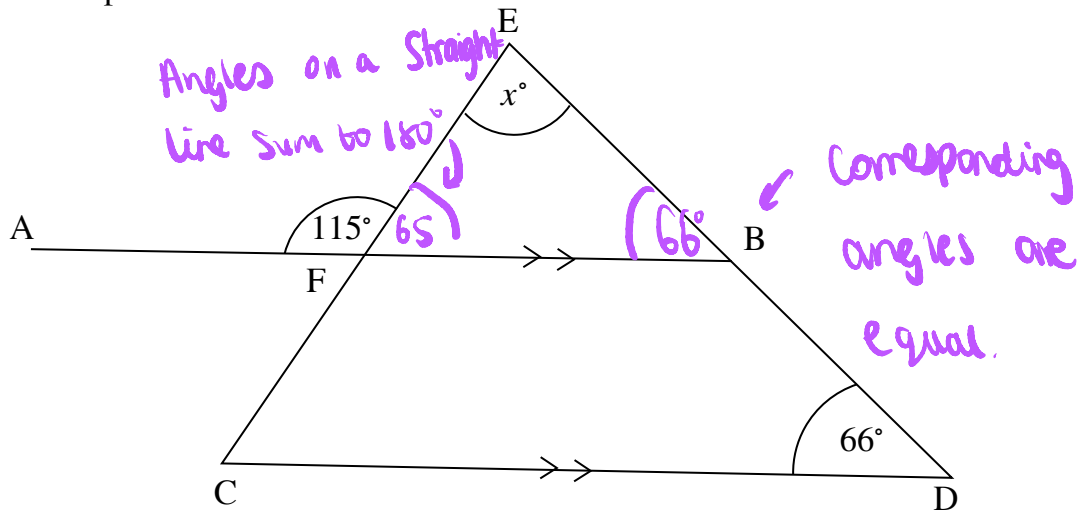
$$180 - 68 - 48 = 64^\circ$$

Angles in a triangle sum to 180°.

64°

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

7. AB and CD are parallel lines.



Work out the size of the angle FEB.

Give reasons for your answer.

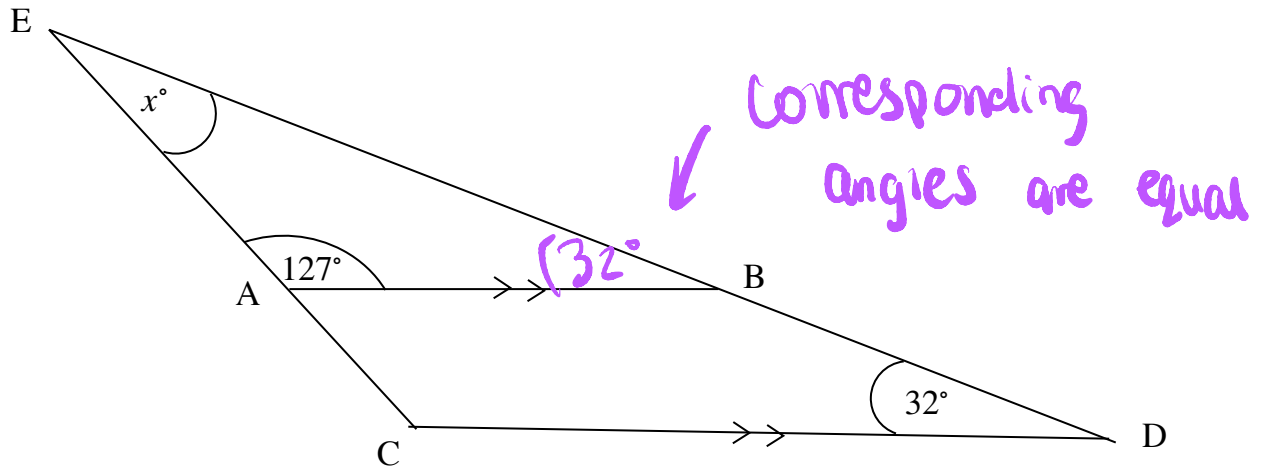
$$180 - 65 - 66 = 49$$

(angles in a triangle sum to 180°.)

49°

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8. AB and CD are parallel lines.



Work out the size of the angle AEB.

Give reasons for your answer.

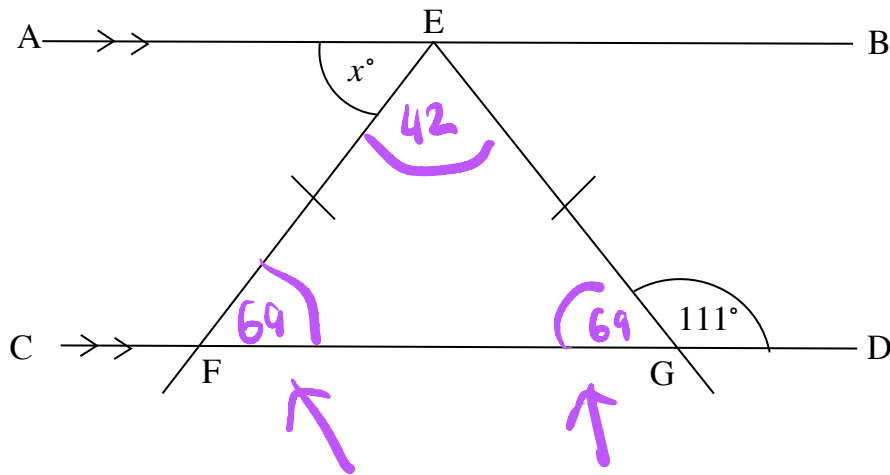
$$x = 180 - 127 - 32 \\ = 21^\circ$$

angles in a
triangle sum to
 180° .

21 °

(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)

9. AB and CD are parallel lines.



Work out the size of the angle AEF.

Give reasons for your answer.

base angles of an
isosceles triangle
are equal.

$$FEG = 180 - 69 - 69$$

$$= 42^\circ$$

→ angles in triangle add to 180°

$$AEG = 111^\circ$$

→ corresponding angles equal

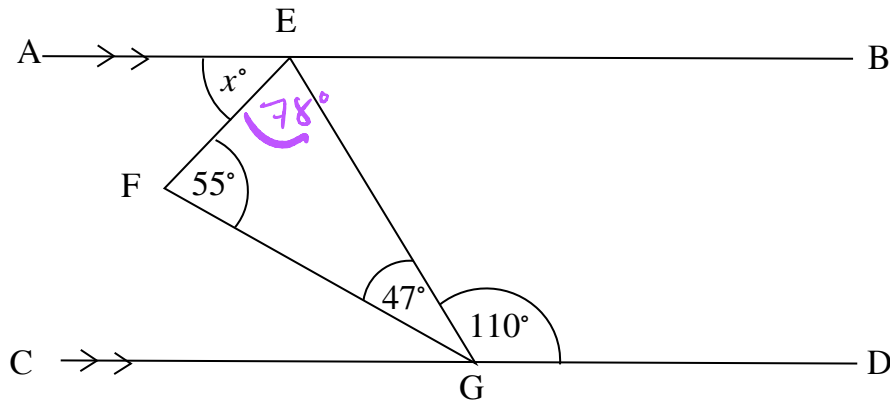
$$x = 111 - 42$$

$$= 69^\circ$$

..... 69 °

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

10. AB and CD are parallel lines.



Work out the size of the angle AEF.

Give reasons for your answer.

$$FEG = 180 - 55 - 47 = 78^\circ \rightarrow \text{angles in triangle sum to } 180^\circ$$

$$AEG = 110^\circ \rightarrow \text{corresponding angles are equal}$$

$$110 - 78 = 32^\circ$$

32 °

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)